

Lesson 6.4 Notes (Elimination using Multiplication)

Objectives:

- Solve systems of equations by using elimination with multiplication.
- Solve real-world problems involving systems of equations.

• **Elimination Method (Multiplication):**

KeyConcept Solving by Elimination Using Multiplication

Step 1 Multiply at least one equation by a constant to get two equations that contain opposite terms.

Step 2 Add the equations, eliminating one variable. Then solve the equation.

Step 3 Substitute the value from Step 2 into one of the equations and solve for the other variable. Write the solution as an ordered pair.

Examples: Use elimination to solve each system of equations.

1. $\begin{cases} 5x + 6y = -8 \\ 2(2x + 3y = -5) \Rightarrow -4x - 6y = 10 \end{cases}$

$$\begin{array}{r} 5x + 6y = -8 \\ + [-4x - 6y = 10] \\ \hline x = 2 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 5(2) + 6y = -8 \\ 10 + 6y = -8 \\ 6y = -18 \\ y = -3 \end{array}$$

$(2, -3)$

2. $\begin{cases} 9r + q = 13 \\ -3(3r + 2q = -4) \Rightarrow -9r - 6q = 12 \end{cases}$

$$\begin{array}{r} 9r + q = 13 \\ + [-9r - 6q = 12] \\ \hline -5q = 25 \\ q = -5 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 9r + (-5) = 13 \\ 9r = 18 \\ r = 2 \end{array}$$

3. $\begin{cases} 6x - 2y = 10 \\ -2(3x - 7y = -19) \Rightarrow -6x + 14y = 38 \end{cases}$

$$\begin{array}{r} 6x - 2y = 10 \\ + [-6x + 14y = 38] \\ \hline 12y = 48 \\ y = 4 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 6x - 2(4) = 10 \\ 6x - 8 = 10 \\ 6x = 18 \\ x = 3 \end{array}$$

$(3, 4)$

• **Multiply Both Equations to Eliminate a Variable:**

Example: Use elimination to solve each system of equations.

$$4. \begin{cases} 3(4x + 2y = 8) \Rightarrow 12x + 6y = 24 \\ -2(3x + 3y = 9) \Rightarrow -6x - 6y = -18 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 12x + 6y = 24 \\ + [-6x - 6y = -18] \\ \hline 6x = 6 \\ x = 1 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 4(1) + 2y = 8 \\ 2y = 4 \\ y = 2 \end{array}$$

$$\boxed{(1, 2)}$$

$$5. \begin{cases} 2(5x - 3y = 6) \Rightarrow 10x - 6y = 12 \\ -5(2x + 5y = -10) \Rightarrow -10x - 25y = 50 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 10x - 6y = 12 \\ + [-10x - 25y = 50] \\ \hline -31y = 62 \\ y = -2 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 5x - 3(-2) = 6 \\ 5x + 6 = 6 \\ 5x = 0 \\ x = 0 \end{array}$$

$$\boxed{(0, -2)}$$

$$6. \begin{cases} 3(6a + 2b = 2) \Rightarrow 18a + 6b = 6 \\ -2(4a + 3b = 8) \Rightarrow -8a - 6b = -16 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 18a + 6b = 6 \\ + [-8a - 6b = -16] \\ \hline 10a = -10 \\ a = -1 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 6(-1) + 2b = 2 \\ -6 + 2b = 2 \\ 2b = 8 \\ b = 4 \end{array}$$

$$\boxed{b = 4}$$

• **Real-world Application**

7. On average, a family would spend a total of \$592.30 to attend two MLB games and one NBA game. The family would spend \$691.31 to attend one MLB and two NBA games. Write and solve a system of equations to find the family's costs for each kind of game.

$$M = \text{MLB} \quad N = \text{NBA}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 2M + N = 592.30 \\ -2(M + 2N = 691.31) \Rightarrow -2M - 4N = -1382.62 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 2M + N = 592.30 \\ + [-2M - 4N = -1382.62] \\ \hline -3N = -790.32 \\ N = 263.44 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} M + 2(263.44) = 691.31 \\ M + 526.88 = 691.31 \\ M = 164.43 \end{array}$$

$$\text{NBA: } \boxed{\$263.44} \quad \text{MLB: } \boxed{\$164.43}$$