

**Chapter 4.1 Notes (Graphing Equations in Slope-Intercept Form)**

**Objectives:**

- Write linear equations in slope-intercept form.
- Graph linear equations in slope-intercept form.
- Model real-world data with equations in slope-intercept form.

**Slope-Intercept Form:**  $y = mx + b$

Words	The slope-intercept form of a linear equation is $y = mx + b$ , where $m$ is the slope and $b$ is the $y$ -intercept.	
Example	$y = mx + b$ $y = 2x + 6$ <p style="text-align: center;">             slope <math>\uparrow</math>                      <math>\uparrow</math> <math>y</math>-intercept         </p>	

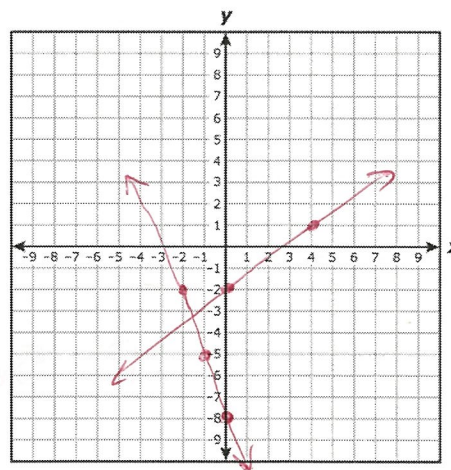
- Practice: Write an equation of a line in slope-intercept form with the given slope and  $y$ -intercept. Then, graph the equation.

1. Slope =  $\frac{3}{4}$  ;  $y$  - intercept =  $-2$

$$y = \frac{3}{4}x - 2$$

2. Slope =  $-3$  ;  $y$  - intercept =  $-8$

$$y = -3x - 8$$



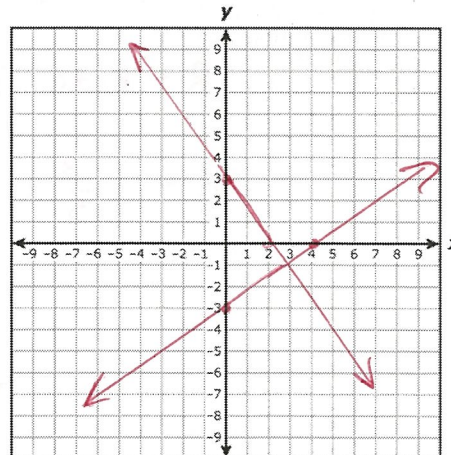
- Practice: Convert each equation into slope-intercept form. Then, graph the equation.

3.  $3x + 2y = 6$

$$\begin{array}{r} -3x \quad -3x \\ \hline 2y = -3x + 6 \\ \boxed{y = -\frac{3}{2}x + 3} \end{array}$$

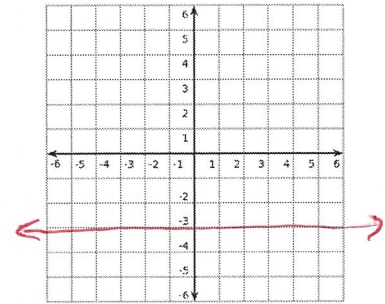
4.  $3x - 4y = 12$

$$\begin{array}{r} -3x \quad -3x \\ \hline -4y = -3x + 12 \\ \hline -4 \quad -4 \\ \boxed{y = \frac{3}{4}x - 3} \end{array}$$



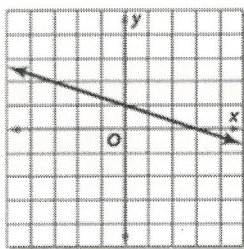
**Constant Functions:**  $y = b$

- This is a horizontal line with a slope of zero.
- Note: Before simplifying this would be written as  $y = 0x + b$ .
- Practice: Graph  $y = -3$ .

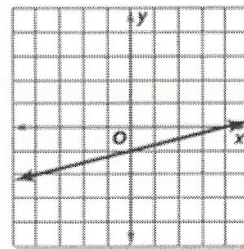


**Find Slope-Intercept Form from a Graph**

- Practice: Write an equation in slope-intercept form for each graph shown.



$y = -\frac{1}{3}x + 1$



$y = \frac{1}{4}x - 1$

**Application:** Real-world data can be modeled by a linear equation in slope-intercept form.

- Example 1: The band boosters are selling sandwiches for \$5 each. They bought \$1160 in ingredients.

- Write an equation (in slope-intercept form) for the profit  $P$  made on  $n$  sandwiches.

$P = 5n - 1160$

- Find the total profit if 1400 sandwiches are sold.

$P = 5(1400) - 1160 = \boxed{\$5840}$

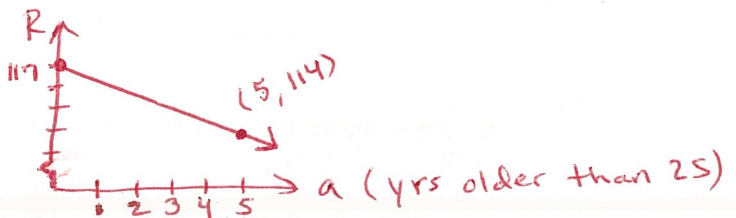
- Example 2: The ideal maximum heart rate for a 25-year-old exercising is 117 beats per minute. For every 5 years older than 25, that ideal rate drops 3 beats per minute.

$R = \text{rate}; a = \text{age (in years over 25)}$

- Write an equation (in slope-intercept form) to find the ideal maximum heart rate.

$R = -\frac{3}{5}a + 117$

- Sketch a graph of the equation.



- Find the ideal maximum heart rate for a 55-year-old person.

$R = -\frac{3}{5}(30) + 117 = \boxed{99 \text{ beats per minute}}$